Department of Computer Science and Engineering School of Engineering University of Ioannina

Graduate Program of Studies «Data and Computer Systems Engineering» Courses Outline



ACADEMIC YEAR 2020/2021

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A0. Introduction to Algorithm and Information Technologies

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERIN	G		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMEN	T OF COMPUTE	R SCIENCE & EN	NGINEERING
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	A0		SEMESTER	Fall
	Introductio	n to Algorithm	and Informat	tion
COURSE TITLE	Technologie	es		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES	WEEKLY	,
if credits are awarded for separate co	. ,	. 0	TEACHING	G CREDITS
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the		-	HOURS	
whole of the course, give the weekly teach	-			
Lec	tures/Labora	tory Exercices	4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of		the teaching		
methods used are described in detail at (a	<i>l).</i>			
COURSE TYPE	Special back	kground		
general background,				
special background, specialised general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	Greek			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	rse.uoi.gr/enro	ol/index.php?	Pid=1736

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

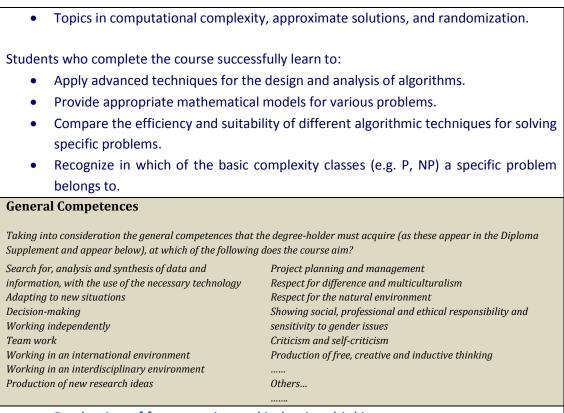
The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course covers the necessary background that is required for attending the elective courses of Module A: Algorithm and Information Technologies. The objective of the course is to acquaint students with:

- More elaborate use of fundamental techniques for the design and analysis of algorithms.
- Advanced techniques for the design and analysis of algorithms.
- Mathematical tools such as probabilistic analysis, amortized analysis, and competitive analysis.



- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology.
- Algorithmic thinking.
- Team work.
- Autonomous work.

SYLLABUS

Basic and advanced techniques for algorithms design and analysis. Data structures. Graph algorithms. Computational geometry. Randomized algorithms and tools for probabilistic analysis. Computational complexity and NP-completeness. Approximation algorithms. Elementary number theory and applications in security and cryptography.

DELIVERY	Face-to-face
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	 Use of projector and interactive board during
COMMUNICATIONS	lectures.
TECHNOLOGY	Course website maintenance. Announcements and
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	posting of teaching material (lecture slides and
	notes, programs).
	Announcement of assessment marks via the e-
	course platform by UOI.

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13 × 3 = 39 hours
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory practice	13 × 1 = 13 hours
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing,	Student's study hours	123 hours
artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	Language of evaluation: Gre	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	 Methods of Evaluation: Final written examisations of examination of the second sec	nination with problem ments.
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	The evaluation procedure is the course website.	accessible to students via

- Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest and Clifford Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, MIT press, 3rd edition, 2009.
- Jon Kleinberg and Éva Tardos, Algorithm Design, 1st edition, Pearson, 2006.

A1. Algorithmic Graph Theory

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERI	NG		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTME	NT OF COMPUT	TER SCIENCE & 	ENGINEERING
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	A1		SEMESTER	
COURSE TITLE	ALGORITHM	/IC GRAPH TH	EORY	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teacl	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. arded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lec	tures/Labora	tory Exercices	4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a		the teaching		
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised	general knowle	dge	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.	cs.uoi.gr/~stavro	os/mypage-teacl	ning-MSc-
	AGT.html			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The main objective of this course is to study the main concepts of graph theory and to recognize graphs as an important modeling technique in several applications. In addition the course introduces the students to algorithmic graph theory which has become one of the major tools for the design and analysis of algorithms. The course focuses on the most interest topics in theoretical computer science.

The course's aim is to develop interest in graph theory and its many applications. In particular, at the end of this course, a student should be able to

- apply the abstract concepts of graph theory in several practical problems;
- develop a number of standard and powerful algorithms, as well as demonstrate methodologies in graph techniques; and
- use the graphs in the solution of complex problems.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that Supplement and appear below), at which of the following	the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma g does the course aim?
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology.
- Algorithmic thinking
- Team work
- Autonomous work

SYLLABUS

- Graph theoretic foundations.
- The design of efficient algorithms (complexity of algorithms, data structures). Perfect graphs. Holes and antiholes in graphs. Triangulated graphs.
- Comparability graphs. Split graphs. Permutation graphs. Interval graphs. Cographs, Quasi-threshold (or, trivially perfect), and threshold graphs.
- Perfectly orderable graphs.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of projector and interact • Course website maintenant posting of teaching material programs). • Announcement of assessment platform by UOI.	ce. Announcements and I (lecture slides and notes,
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13x3=39 hours
aescribea in aetaii. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Laboratory practice	13x1=13 hours
fieldwork, study and analysis of	Student's study hours	123 hours
bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching,		
educational visits, project, essay writing,		
artistic creativity, etc.		
The student's study hours for each learning		
activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the		
principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours
CTUDENT DEDEODMANCE		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	Language of evaluation: Gre	ек
Description of the evaluation procedure		

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	 Methods of Evaluation: i) Final written examination ii) Lab projects examination iii) Evaluation of weekly assignments The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

- M.C. Golumbic, Algorithmic Graph Theory and Perfect Graphs. Academic Press, Inc., New York, 1980. Second edition, Annals of Discrete Mathematics 57, Elsevier, 2004.
- A. Brandstadt, V.B. Le, and J. Spinrad, Graph classes -- A survey, SIAM Monographs in Discrete Mathematics and Applications, SIAM, Philadelphia, 1999.

A7. Cryptography and Information Security

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	FNGINFFRIN	G			
ACADEMIC UNIT		T OF COMPUTE	D SCIENICE & EN		
			N SCIENCE & EN	MOINI	
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	A7		SEMESTER	Fal	1
COURSE TITLE	Cryptograp	hy and Informa	ation Security		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. varded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	3	CREDITS
Lec	tures/Labora	tory Exercices	4		7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a COURSE TYPE	!).	Ŭ			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special bacl	kground			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
 Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course introduces both theoretical and practical aspects of cryptography, authentication and information security. It covers foundations of cryptography and standardized cryptosystems widely used in practice.

After attending the course students should be able to:

- Understand the mathematical techniques associated with cryptography.
- Understand the principles of cryptographic techniques and perform implementations of related algorithms.
- Apply security techniques in solving real-life security problems in practical systems.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma

Supplement and appear below), at which of the following	g does the course aim?
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology.
- Algorithmic thinking.
- Team work.
- Autonomous work.

SYLLABUS

Basic notions of systems security, cryptographic hash functions, symmetric cryptography (one-time pad, stream ciphers, block ciphers), cryptanalysis, secret-sharing, authentication codes, public-key cryptography (encryption, digital signatures), public-key infrastructure, elliptic curves and bilinear maps, buffer overflow attacks, web browser security, biometrics, electronic cash, viruses, electronic voting.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector and intrelectures. Course website mainter posting of teaching mat notes, programs). Announcement of asses course platform by UOI. 	nance. Announcements and erial (lecture slides and sment marks via the e-
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity	Semester workload
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Lectures	13 × 3 = 39 hours
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching,	Laboratory practice	13 × 1 = 13 hours
educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Student's study hours	148 hours
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of		
non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	200 hours

 evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students. Individual presentation of a research topic related to the subject matter of the course. The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.

- Jonathan Katz, Yehuda Lindell. Introduction to Modern Cryptography. Chapman and Hall / CRC, 2007.
- Niels Ferguson, Bruce Schneier, Tadayoshi Kohno. Cryptography Engineering. Wiley, 2010.
- Christof Paar, Jan Pelzl. Understanding Cryptography. Springer, 2010.

D0. Introduction In Data Analysis And Processing

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL				
SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPT. OF CC	DEPT. OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	DO SEMESTER SPRING			
COURSE TITLE	INTRODUCT	ION IN DATA A	ANALYSIS AND	PROCESSING
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the wee total credit	omponents of t the credits are kly teaching h	he course, e.g. awarded for	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lectures / Labs /			4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation teaching methods used are described COURSE TYPE	ed in detail at (d).			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	GREEK or ENGLISH			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecou	rse.uoi.gr/enro	l/users.php?id=	- <u>1720</u>

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- 2 Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This introductory course exposes the students to the main concepts and methodologies in Data Science. The course comprises a series of lectures that concisely cover the necessary mathematical background as well as essential topics in Data Science, such as data types and representation, clustering techniques, learning and generalization, optimization, data transformations and compression, text processing and information retrieval. Moreover, it offers an overview of popular programming tools used in Data Science.

After the successful completion of this course, students will be exposed to:

• The fundamental mathematical background that is necessary for the in-depth study of specialized topics in Data Science.

- The basic fields of study that they can deepen in data analysis and processing.
- Modern programming tools that are highly useful in Data Science.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
technology	Respect for the natural environment
Adapting to new situations	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Decision-making	sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	
1	

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking.
- Decision-making.
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information.
- Development of algorithmic thinking.
- Ability of analyzing and modelling problems.

SYLLABUS

- Elements of Linear Algebra
- Elements of Optimization
- Overview of Probability Theory and Statistics
- Data Types and Representation
- Clustering
- Data Transformations
- Data Compression
- Learning and Generalization
- Text Processing and Information Retrieval
- Programming Tools in Data Science

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly lectures	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	material is providedLive simulations in t	he classroom. vices and social media for
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Activity Lectures	Semester workload 13*3 = 39 hours

fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Labs	13*1 = 13 hours	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Self-study	123 hours	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation procedure	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATIO	N: Greek or English	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation,			
summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-			
ended questions, problem solving, written	METHODS OF EVALUATION	I: Written exam	
work, essay/report, oral examination, public			
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation,			
other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are			
given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

- Suggested bibliography:

- A. Blum, J. Hopcroft, R. Kannan, **Foundations of Data Science**, Cornell University, 2015, e-book available at: <u>https://www.cs.cornell.edu/jeh/book.pdf</u>
- J. Grus, Data Science from Scratch: First Principles with Python, O'Reilly Media, 2015.

- Related academic journals:

D1. Machine Learning

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERI	NG		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND			
	ENGINEERI	ENGINEERING		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADU	JATE		
COURSE CODE	D1	D1 SEMESTER		
COURSE TITLE	MACHINE LEARNING			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	omponents of the course, e.g. he credits are awarded for the		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lectu	ures / Tutorials	3/1	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	n of teaching and the teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (a	(d).			
COURSE TYPE	Special background			
general background,				
special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK			
and EXAMINATIONS:	-			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.cs.uoi.gr/~arly/courses/ml/ml.html			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The objective of this course is to provide a detailed description of machine learning problems and solutions. The main problems presented and studied are related to supervised learning (classification, regression), unsupervised learning (clustering, dimensionality reduction, density estimation) and reinforcement learning. State-of-the-art methods are presented and compared for all the above problems.

It is expected that after taking the course the student will have:

• knowledge of machine learning problems

- a clear understanding of the notions of learning and generalization
- the ability to solve classification, regression and clustering problems using state-ofthe-art approaches such SVMs, deep neural networks, Gaussian Processes, mixture models.
- the skill to apply all the algorithmic steps required for building machine learning models from a given dataset.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others...

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

.....

- Team work
- Algorithmic thinking
- Apply research results in solving practical problems
- Literature studying and management

SYLLABUS

Introduction to Machine Learning, probability distributions, linear models. Neural Networks, the multilayer perceptron, overfitting and regularization, deep neural networks. Kernel methods, Support Vector Machine, Relevance Vector Machine, Gaussian Processes. Clustering Methods, k-means, kernel k-means, spectral clustering. Dimension reduction. PCA, probabilistic PCA, autoencoders. Graphical models, inference methods, EM algorithm, mixture models, sampling methods, Hidden Markov Models, reinforcement learning.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly Lectures
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector during lectures. Method demonstration using demos and videos. Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides

	and notes, programs).Use of email to improve communication with			า
	student			
TEACHING METHODS	Ac	ctivity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures		13*3 = 39 hours	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Tutorials		13*1 = 13 hours	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Self-study		123 hours	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course tota	al	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE	OF EVALUATION	I: Greek	
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure				
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple		F EVALUATION		
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	(.)	Final exams		
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	(ii)	Project		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				

- Suggested bibliography:

C. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer 2007.

P. Murphy, "Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective", MIT Press, 2012.

D3. Optimization

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL				
SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPT. OF CO	DEPT. OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE	GRADUATE		
COURSE CODE	D3 SEMESTER -			-
COURSE TITLE	OPTIMIZAT	ION		
INDEPENDENT TEACH	NG ACTIVI	FIES	WEEKLY	
if credits are awarded for separate compor laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are aw give the weekly teaching hours	onents of the course, e.g. lectures, warded for the whole of the course,		TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lectures / Labs /	Tutorials		4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teac used are described in detail at (d).	hing and the teac	hing methods		
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special back	ground		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK or ENGLISH			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=553			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Optimization is the branch of Mathematics that deals with the detection of optimal solutions. Typically, a solution to a given problem is modeled via a parametric "objective" function (model), the minima of which may correspond to desired solutions. Also, the problem may contain a set of constraints, typically defined through equality and / or

inequality relations.		
The Optimization course aims at equipping and global Optimization algorithms of variou	g the students with essential knowledge in local us types. Among other, these include:	
 such as Gradient Descent, New combination with Line Search and T Derivative-free algorithms such as N Stochastic and evolutionary algori Swarm Optimization. 	Ielder-Mead, Hooke-Jeeves, and Pattern Search. thms such as Genetic Algorithms and Particle problems with constraints are given, along with	
After the successful completion of this cours	se, students are expected to be able to:	
 Implement and apply local and glob Determine the most appropriate alg Design variants of the algorithms for well as for challenging applications. 		
General Competences		
Taking into consideration the general competences that the Supplement and appear below), at which of the following d	e degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma oes the course aim?	
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others	
Production of free, creative and ind	uctive thinking.	
Decision-making.		
• Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information.		
Development of algorithmic thinking	g.	

• Ability of analyzing and modelling problems.

SYLLABUS

- Introduction to Optimization
- Optimality conditions
- One-dimensional optimization
- Derivative-free methods: Steepest Descent, Nelder-Mead, Hook-Jeeves, Pattern Search.
- Gradient-based methods: Newton, Quasi-Newton, Conjugate Gradients.
- Line Search and Trust Region techniques.

- Stochastic and evolutionary algorithms: Multistart, Simulated Annealing, Genetic Algorithms, Particle Swarm Optimization.
- Solution techniques for constrained problems.
- Techniques for the detection of multiple minimizers. Parallel coordinates.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Weekly lectures	
Face-to-face, Distance learning,		
etc.		The second second second
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS		where literature and free
TECHNOLOGY	material is provided	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Live simulations in t	he classroom.
communication with students	Use of email serv	vices and social media for
	communication wit	h the students.
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Labs	13*1 = 13 hours
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Self-study	123 hours
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,		
etc.		
The student's study hours for each learning		
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of		
the ECTS		
	Course total	175 hours
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION	I: Greek or English
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	METHODS OF EVALUATIO	DN: Projects and written
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.		

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- W. Sun, Y. Yuan: **Optimization Theory and Methods**, Springer, 2006.
- R. Fletcher: **Practical Methods of Optimization**, 2nd edition, Wiley, 2000.
- D. Bertsekas: Nonlinear Programming, 2nd edition, Athena Scientific, 2004.
- M.S. Bazaraa, H.D. Sherali, C.M. Shetty, Nonlinear Programming, Theory and Algorithms, 3rd edition, Wiley, 2006.
- I. Griva, S.G. Nash, A. Sofer, Linear and Nonlinear Optimization, 2nd edition, SIAM, 2008.
- J. Nocedal, S.J. Wright, **Numerical Optimization**, 2nd edition, Springer, 2006.
- Z. Michalewicz: Genetic Algorithms + Data Structures = Evolution Programs, 3rd edition, Springer, 1999.
- K.E. Parsopoulos, M.N. Vrahatis: Particle Swarm Optimization and Intelligence: Advances and Applications, IGI Global, 2010.
- A. Inselberg, **Parallel Coordinates**, Springer, 2009.

- Related academic journals:

- Optimization Letters, SPRINGER.
- Optimization Methods and Software, TAYLOR & FRANCIS.
- Journal of Global Optimization, SPRINGER.
- Journal of Optimization Theory and Applications, SPRINGER.
- Mathematical Programming, SPRINGER.
- SIAM Journal on Optimization, SIAM.
- IEEE Transactions on Evolutionary Computation, IEEE.
- Applied Soft Computing, SPRINGER.
- Soft Computing, ELSEVIER.
- European Journal on Operational Research, ELSEVIER.
- Computers & Operations Research, ELSEVIER.
- Computers & Industrial Engineering, ELSEVIER.
- Annals of Operations Research, SPRINGER.

D4. Video Processing and Compression

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND		
ENGINEERING			
GRADUATE			
SEMESTER -			-
Video Processing and Compression			
ING ACTIVITIES components of the course, e.g. the credits are awarded for the ching hours and the total credits WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS			CREDITS
Lectures / Labs / Tutorials			7
ation of teaching and the teaching			
d).			
Special background			
_			
GREEK			
GABBA			
YES			
http://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=1629			
	GRADUATE Video Proces Video Proces VG ACTIVITI mponents of the credits are aw ing hours and t Lectures / L f teaching and t). Special back GREEK YES	GRADUATE Video Processing and Comp NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the course, e.g. credits are awarded for the ing hours and the total credits Lectures / Labs / Tutorials f teaching and the teaching). Special background - GREEK YES	GRADUATE SEMESTER Video Processing and Compression NG ACTIVITIES mponents of the course, e.g. credits are awarded for the ing hours and the total credits Lectures / Labs / Tutorials f teaching and the teaching). Special background - GREEK YES

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The goal of the course is the learning of the basic theory of video processing and compression.

After successfully passing this course the students will be able to:

- Understand the basic principles of video capture and display.
- Apply tools of multidimensional signal processing to video applications.
- Understand and use video sampling theory.
- Implement various motion estimation algorithms.
- Understand the fundamentals of compression and their application to video coding.

• Be familiar with current video compression standards.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Decision-making
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Evaluation of different solutions and selection of the most appropriate one
- Use of structured mathematical thinking for the development and reinforcement of arguments

SYLLABUS

<u>Video Capture:</u> Color coordinate systems. Video camera. Video display. Progressive and Interlaced scan.

<u>Multidimensional signal processing:</u> Multidimensional signals and systems. Multidimensional continuous and discrete Fourier Transform. Frequency response of the human visual system.

<u>Video sampling theory:</u> Generalized Nyquist sampling theorem. Sampling rate conversion.

Motion estimation: Motion modeling. Optical flow equation. Block matching.

<u>Fundamentals of compression</u>: Information theory basics. Quantization. Transform theory. DCT, KLT, DWT transforms. Motion compensated prediction.

Video compression standards: H.264, H.265, VP9, AV1.

DELIVERY	Lectures, lab sessions
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of projector during lectures.
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of Matlab in the lab.
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	• Use of the ecourse electronic platform for course
communication with students	announcements, uploading of class notes,
	homework assignment, and grade announcement.

	• Use of email and social media for more effective communication with the students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours		
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Labs	13*1 = 13 hours		
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Self-study	123 hours		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational				
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,				
etc.				
The student's study hours for each learning				
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of	Course total	175 hours		
the ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION	l: Greek		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure				
	METHODS OF EVALUATION			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	(i) Final examination. The stu	udents are tested in theory		
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving,	and exercises of video processing and compression.			
written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	(ii) Homework assignments.	The students are asked to		
examination of patient, art interpretation, other	solve video processing and			
other				
	(iii) Lab reports. The students turn in their code and answer questions regarding their results.			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to		then results.		
students.				
	The evaluation procedure is	accessible to students via		
	the course website.			

- Suggested bibliography:

- Video Processing and Communications, Y. Wang, J. Ostermann, Y.-Q. Zhang, Prentice-Hall, 2002.
- Multidimensional Signal, Image and Video Processing and Coding, J.W. Woods, Academic Press, 2nd edition, 2012.

- Related academic journals:

- IEEE Transactions on Image Processing
- IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems for Video Technology
- IEEE Transactions on Multimedia

D5. Computer Vision

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERI	ENGINEERING		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTME	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	D5	D5 SEMESTER		
COURSE TITLE	Computer \	Computer Vision		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the course, e.g. e credits are awarded for the HOURS		CREDITS	
	Lectures / La	abs/ Exercises	3/1/0	7
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised (general knowle	dge	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.	cs.uoi.gr/~cniko	u/Computer%20Vis	<u>sion.html</u>

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, students will:

- Have acquired the intuition behind understanding the 3D world from images s
- Be familiar with both the theoretical and practical aspects of computing with images;
- Have described the foundation of image formation, measurement, and analysis;
- Have implemented common methods for robust image matching and alignment;
- Understand the geometric relationships between 2D images and the 3D world.
- Have gained exposure to object and scene recognition and categorization from images;
- Grasp the principles of state-of-the-art regression and classification methods in computer vision;

• Have developed the practical skills necessary to build computer vision ;applications.			
General Competences			
Taking into consideration the general competences that Supplement and appear below), at which of the following	the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma a does the course aim?		
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management		
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and		
Working independently sensitivity to gender issues			
Team work Criticism and self-criticism			
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary environment			
Production of new research ideas	Others		
Search for, analysis and synthesis	of data and information, with the use of the		
necessary technology.			
Decision making			
 Production of free, creative and inductive thinking 			

- Team work
- Autonomous work
- Production of new research ideas

SYLLABUS

- Linear filtering
- Edge detection
- Frequency representation, image pyramids, template matching
- Local features: corners
- Local features: scale and interest point descriptors
- Machine learning for computer vision
- Segmentation by clustering: mean shift
- Segmentation by clustering: normalized cut
- Segmentation by fitting a model: Hough transform and least squares fitting
- Segmentation by fitting a model: robust estimators and RANSAC
- Registration
- PCA and eigenfaces
- Face detection
- Fitting probability models
- Learning and inference in computer vision
- The pinhole camera
- Singular value decomposition
- Models for transformations
- Multiple cameras
- More features (LBP, shape context, dual PCA)
- Models for grids (grpah cut)
- Regression

Classification

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Lecture slides, multimedia (
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	mail communication, course	e Web page maintenance.	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13x3=39 hours	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Labs	13x1=13 hours	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Student's autonomous study of the theory, problem solving and	123 hours	
	response to homework		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	assignments		
directed study according to the principles of			
the ECTS	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of evaluation: Greek		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	Methods of Evaluation:		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	iv) Weekly lab and v) Mid-term exam vi) Final examination The evaluation procedure is the course website.	on	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

1. D. Forsyth and J. Ponce. Computer Vision: A Modern Approach. Second edition. Prentice

Hall, 2011.

2. S. Prince. Computer Vision: Models, Learning and Inference. Cambridge University Press, 2012.

- Related academic journals:

IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence

International Journal of Computer Vision IEEE Transactions on Image Processing Image and Vision Computing Computer Vision and Image Understanding Pattern Recognition Journal of Mathematical Imaging and Vision Machine Vision and Applications

D6. Online Social Networks and Media

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERI	NC		
	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT		NT OF COMPUT	ER SCIENCE & EN	GINEERING
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	D6		SEMESTER	
COURSE TITLE	ONLINE SO	ONLINE SOCIAL NETWORKS AND MEDIA		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	nponents of the course, e.g. credits are awarded for the		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
L	Lectures / Exercises/ Project		3	7
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised	general knowle	dge	
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.	cs.uoi.gr/~tsap/	teaching/cs-I14/	

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

It is expected that after taking the course the student will have:

- knowledge of basic metrics and measurements for real networks, such as powerlaw degree distributions and clustering coefficient
- knowledge of models for real networks
- the knowledge and ability to find communities in graphs, or dense subgraphs.
- understanding of dynamic processes on networks, such as influence spread, or opinion formation, and algorithms for affecting them
- knowledge of metrics and algorithms for identifying central and influential nodes in a graph.
- Knowledge of different models algorithms for predicting links or understanding their strength and sign
- Knowledge on specialized topics related to networks such as privacy, team formation, small world effects, fairness, content-based analysis
- The ability to process and manipulate large graphs using programming tools

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?		
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management		
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism	
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment	
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and	
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues	
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism	
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment		
Production of new research ideas	Others	

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology.
- Decision making
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Team work
- Autonomous work
- Production of new research ideas

SYLLABUS

- Theoretical problems and applications around the analysis and mining of (online) social networks and media such as Facebook and Twitter.
- Indicative subjects: models for networks, techniques for obtaining, storing and processing networked data, models for information diffusion, algorithms for ranking and selecting of influencers, dynamic processes such as influence spread and opinion formation, team formation and community finding, games over networks, privacy, fairness and diversity.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	Lecture slides, multimedia (video demonstrations), e- mail communication, course Web page maintenance.	
communication with students TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	13x3=39 hours
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Student's study hours	123 hours
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Final Project	13 hours
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	,	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,		
etc.		
The student's study hours for each learning		
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of evaluation: Gr	eek or English
EVALUATION		
Description of the evaluation procedure	Methods of Evaluation:	
Language of evaluation, methods of	vii) Assignments	
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	viii) Presentation	

open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	ix) Final project The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

D7. Management of Non-traditional Data

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	ENGINEERI	NG		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND			
ACADEMIC UNIT	ENGINEERI		LIC SCILICE III	
	Dirdiriddiria	i u		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADU	JATE		
COURSE CODE	D7		SEMESTER	
COURSE TITLE	Managemen	t of Non-traditi	onal Data	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. arded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lectu	ures / Tutorials	4	8
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (a	1).			
COURSE TYPE	Special background			
general background,				
special background, specialised general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course **Management of Non-traditional Data** typically focuses on database management topics for which the traditional relational database technology is not adequate. It specializes on data management subjects which belong to two big categories, specifically: (a) the area of complex query evaluation (e.g., dynamic ranking queries based on multidimensional aggregate functions, or distance to a reference point) and (b) the area of data management for non-traditional formats and environments (e.g., with a focus on spatial data, time-series, text, and multidimensional data in general). The course specialises each year to a possibly different subarea; however, it begins by covering the fundamental concepts of each area (as well as how they are related to traditional database management) and later on goes deeper to techniques that cover research efforts and state-of-the-art tools.

After successfully passing this course the students will be able to:

- Understand the state-of-the-art and the historical evolution of research in the area under study
- Understand in depth the critical elements of the DBMS architecture
- Organize the data using appropriate data representations both at the logical and physical levels, such that the data can be easily and efficiently retrieved
- Use specialized query evaluation algorithms, depending on the data domain
- Develop a complete project wherein they apply the design and algorithmic knowledge obtained from the course in order to manage complex data collections

General Competences				
Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?				
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology	Project planning and management			
	Respect for difference and multiculturalism			
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment			
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and			
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues			
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism			
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking			
Working in an interdisciplinary environment				
Production of new research ideas	Others			

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Team work
- Algorithmic thinking
- Abstraction ability for problem modeling
- Apply research results in solving practical problems
- Literature studying and management

SYLLABUS

Spatial Indexes and Queries

Dimensionality Reduction for Multimedia Data

Top-k queries and skyline queries
Data Warehouses and OLAP
Processing aggregate queries
Time-series and Prediction
Large project development in phases

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly Lectures	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector and interactive board during lectures. Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, programs). Announcement of assessment marks via the course web site. Use of email and social media for information exchange and improved communication with students. 	
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Tutorials	13*1 = 13 hours
	Self-study	148 hours
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-		
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	200 hours
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek	
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	METHODS OF EVALUATION	
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	(i) At each lecture, the students are asked to be prepared on the material of the lecture and to participate in the critical discussions that arise.	
	(ii) At each lecture, the students are asked to answer to questions and exercises related to the learning outcomes of the previous lecture.	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	(iii) A large programming assignment (project).	
	The evaluation procedure is	accessible to students via

the course website.

- Suggested bibliography:

Book [22683637]: Θεμελιώδεις αρχές συστημάτων βάσεων δεδομένων, Συγγραφείς: Elmasri Ramez,Navathe Shamkant B., Έκδοση: 6η Έκδοση Αναθεωρημένη/2012, ISBN: 978-960-531-281-7, Διαθέτης (Εκδότης): ΔΙΑΥΛΟΣ Α.Ε. ΕΚΔΟΣΕΙΣ ΒΙΒΛΙΩΝ

Book [18548901]: Συστήματα διαχείρισης βάσεων δεδομένων, Συγγραφείς: Ramakrishnan Raghu, Gehrke Johannes, Έκδοση: 3η Έκδοση/2011, ISBN: 978-418-960-371-5, Διαθέτης (Εκδότης): ΕΚΔΟΣΕΙΣ Α. ΤΖΙΟΛΑ & ΥΙΟΙ Α.Ε.

Book [12535833]: Συστήματα Βάσεων Δεδομένων, Συγγραφείς: Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Έκδοση: 6η έκδ./2011, ISBN: 978-960-512-623-0, Διαθέτης (Εκδότης): Χ. ΓΚΙΟΥΡΔΑ & ΣΙΑ ΕΕ

- Related academic journals:

- ACM Transactions on Database Systems
- IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering
- The VLDB Journal, Springer

D8. Biomedical data analysis

H0. Introduction to Computer Hardware Systems

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING					
ACADEMIC UNIT		DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND				
ACADEMIC UNIT	ENGINEERI					
		NG				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	HO		SEMESTER	-		
COURSE TITLE	Introduction	n to Computer	Hardware Syst	ems		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES	WEEKLY			
if credits are awarded for separate co			TEACHING	CREDITS		
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the			HOURS	CILDITS		
whole of the course, give the weekly teach	hing hours and t	the total credits	поокз			
	Lectures / Tutorials 3+1 7			Lectures / Tutorials		7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation o	of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (a						
COURSE TYPE	Specialized	general Knowl	edge			
general background,		0	U U			
special background, specialised general						
knowledge, skills development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK & ENGLISH					
and EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES					
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=1727					
(0.2)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The primary aim of the course is to convey an in-depth understanding of modern computer systems hardware. After successfully passing this course the students will be able to:

- Describe the structure and operational characteristics of the core and memory hierarchy of a microprocessor.
- Demonstrate an understanding of
 - VLSI Design (full custom, standard cells, gate arrays), CMOS technology, manufacturing technologies and ASICs
 - Basic theory of MOS transistors, elementary & complex gates
 - o low-power design techniques at device, module and system levels
- Understand testing requirements in modern VLSI systems, explain testing procedures and describe basic design for testability structures and testing standards.

• Demonstrate an understanding of					
• the basic components of a robotic system and their functions					
• the basic concepts of the	 the basic concepts of the kinematics of robotic systems 				
General Competences Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?					
 Production of free, creative and inc Search for, analysis and synthesis of 	ductive thinking				

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Analysis of requirements for problem solving
- Working independently
- Use abstraction to understand and analyze complex systems/problems

SYLLABUS

<u>Processor core and cache organization</u>: Instruction set architecture, Instruction-level parallelism, Organization and operation of cache memories, Performance evaluation of a computer

<u>VLSI:</u> VLSI design technologies, ASICs, packaging technologies, DRC, economics, MOS transistors, inverter, basic gates, complex gates, standard cells, gate arrays, basic transistor theory.

<u>Testing and Design for Testability</u>: VLSI testing, scan testing, built-in self test (BIST), testing standards (JTAG, IEEE1500).

<u>Low-power design</u>: Power consumption in CMOS circuits, modelling and evaluation of power, low-power design techniques

<u>Robotics</u>: Basic components of a robotic system and their functions, sensors and actuators, position and orientation of a robot, kinematics of a robot.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures and tutorials
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector and interactive board during lectures. Use of special electronic equipment and software for delivering the project. Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, programs). Announcement of assessment marks via the ecourse platform by UOI. Use of email for information exchange and improved communication with students.

TEACHING METHODS					
The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity	Semester workload			
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Lectures	13x3 = 39 hours			
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Tutorials13x1 = 13 hours				
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Quizzes 5x1=5 hours				
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Self-study	118 hours			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-					
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	E LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek				
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	METHODS OF EVALUATION				
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	module. Overall course mark is the average of the module quiz scores. The Quiz may include problem solving, multiple-choice, and short-answer questions				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.					

- Suggested bibliography:

- SYSTEM ON CHIP TEST ARCHITECTURES, L-T. Wang, C. Stroud, N. Touba, Εκδ.: Morgan-Kaufmann, 2008.
- CMOS VLSI DESIGN: A CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS PERSPECTIVE, N. Weste and D. Harris, Addison-Wesley, 2011.
- Modern Processor Design, J.P. Shen, M. H. Lipasti, Waveland Press, 2013
- Robotics: Modeling, Planning and Control, Siciliano B., Sciavicco L., Oriolo G., Springer, 2009

-Συναφή επιστημονικά περιοδικά:

- IEEE Transactions on Computers,
- IEEE Transactions on Computer Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems,
- IEEE Transactions on VLSI Systems,
- IEEE Design & Test of Computers
- IEEE Transactions on Robotics
- IEEE/ASME Transactions on Mechatronics

H1. Modern Computer Architecture

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING					
ACADEMIC UNIT		DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND				
	ENGINEERI					
		NU				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	H1		SEMESTER	-		
COURSE TITLE	MODERN CO	OMPUTER ARC	HITECTURE			
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the	omponents of the course, e.g. the credits are awarded for the HOURS CREDITS			INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		CREDITS
	Lectures / Project 3 7					
COURSE TYPE	Specialized a	general Knowle	dge	•		
general background,	r					
special background, specialised general						
knowledge, skills development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK & ENGLISH					
and EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES					
ERASMUS STUDENTS	_					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=1850					
	<u></u>	ise.doi.gr/enit		1000		

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
 Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The primary aim of the course is to convey an in-depth understanding of modern, highperformance processor micro-architecture and the memory hierarchy. After successfully passing this course the students will be able to:

- Describe the structure and operational characteristics of a pipelined microprocessor.
- Demonstrate an understanding of pipeline hazards and interlocks, out-of-order execution, scoreboards and reservation tables, branch prediction
- Evaluate the performance of a processor and memory system.
- Describe the memory coherency issues involved when designing a multiprocessor system, and explain the behaviour of a typical cache coherency protocol.
- Adapt existing simulators, run simulations and present a critical evaluation of the

results.

General Competences					
Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?					
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management				
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism				
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment				
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and				
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues				
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism				
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking				
Working in an interdisciplinary environment					
Production of new research ideas	Others				

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Analysis of requirements for problem solving
- Team work
- Use abstraction to understand and analyze complex systems/problems
- Adapting to new situations

SYLLABUS

<u>Introduction</u>: Performance measurement. Energy consumption metrics. Reliability metrics. Benchmark programs. Simulators.

<u>Pipelined processor organization:</u> Instruction dependencies, pipeline hazards, data forwarding, pipeline stall, delayed branches. Code scheduling.

<u>Instruction-level parallelism</u>: Dynamic/static superscalar processors. Dynamic scheduling. .Out of order execution. Speculative execution. Branch prediction.

<u>Memory subsystem:</u> memory technology. Organization and operation of cache memories. Performance evaluation of cache memory. Virtual memory, fast memory address translation, virtually/physically addressed caches.

<u>Parallel</u> systems: Shared-memory multicore systems. Memory coherence, memory consistency.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures, Project
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector and interactive board during lectures. Use of special electronic equipment and software for delivering the project. Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, programs). Announcement of assessment marks via the ecourse platform by UOI. Use of email for information exchange and improved communication with students.

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Tutorials				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Project 10*2 = 20 hours				
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Self-study 116 hours				
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,					
etc.					
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	Course total	175 hours			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION	I: Greek			
EVALUATION					
Description of the evaluation procedure	METHODS OF EVALUATION				
Language of evaluation, methods of	(i) Final examination, which	includes problem solving.			
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	The exam papers are evalua	ited based on the			
open-ended questions, problem solving,	correctness and completene	ess of answers.			
written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	(ii) Laboratory & Project Exa	imination			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.					

- Suggested bibliography:

J.P. Shen, M. Lipasti: Modern Processor Design: Fundamentals of Superscalar Processors

-Συναφή επιστημονικά περιοδικά:

- IEEE Micro, IEEE Computer Architecture Letters, IEEE Transactions on Computers
- Transactions on Architecture and Code Optimization, Transactions on Computer Systems, ACM.
- Microprocessors and Microsystems, Journal of Systems Architecture, Elsevier.

H2. Reliable Integrated Systems

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND					
	ENGINEERI	NG				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADU	JATE - MASTER	LEVEL			
COURSE CODE	H2		SEMESTER			
COURSE TITLE	Reliable Inte	grated Systems				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teacl	components of the course, e.g. the credits are awarded for the HOURS					
	Lectures / Labs / Tutorials 4 8					
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	n of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (a	l).					
COURSE TYPE	Specialized	General knowle	dge, Skills devel	opment		
general background,						
special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development						
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Digital Desig	m Land IL Com	nuter Architectu	ro VI SI		
TREALQUISTIE COURSES.	Digital Design I and II, Computer Architecture, VLSI Circuits					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION						
and EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES					
ERASMUS STUDENTS						
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.cs.uoi.gr/~tsiatouhas/Y2-RIS.htm					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

This course aims at introducing to students the fundamentals of integrated circuits and systems testing and design for testability and reliability.

At the end of the course students should be able to perform the following:

- Understand the importance of integrated circuits and systems testing as well as design for testability and reliability, its impact on the total cost and the quality of the designed product.
- State the trends and challenges in the field of VLSI testing and reliable design.
- Understand defect as well as wear out and aging generation mechanisms in

and exami	ne d	ifferent	test	and	reliability
techniques.					
	r				
-					
t technology.					
Project planni Respect for dif Respect for the Showing socia sensitivity to g Criticism and s Production of Others	ng and r ference natura , profes: ender is elf-criti free, crea	and multice l environmo sional and o sues cism	ulturalisi ent ethical re	esponsib	
of data and ir em solving deling	oforma				
	 techniques. techniques. techniques. technology. technology. 	 i techniques. i techniques. d test engineer. d test engineer. d technology. the degree-holder must ad g does the course aim? Project planning and r Respect for difference Respect for the natura Showing social, profes. sensitivity to gender is Criticism and self-criti Production of free, cre Others anductive thinking of data and information 	 i techniques. i techniques. d test engineer. d test engineer. d technology. the degree-holder must acquire (as t g does the course aim? Project planning and management Respect for difference and multicular Respect for the natural environomtions Showing social, professional and a sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticismtion Production of free, creative and in Inductive thinking of data and information, with 	 i techniques. i techniques. d test engineer. d test engineer. d technology. the degree-holder must acquire (as these app g does the course aim? Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalisis Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical resensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive Inductive thinking of data and information, with the) techniques. d test engineer. st technology. the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the g does the course aim? Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsible sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others ductive thinking of data and information, with the use of

• Team work

SYLLABUS

With the continuous scaling of transistor feature size, the chip complexity is dramatically increased since billions of transistors are integrated in a single chip (see the case of Systems-on-Chip – SoCs). Aiming to provide high quality integrated circuits and systems, these must be reliable and fully tested after production. In addition, during their whole operational life time in the field, we must ensure their reliable and uninterruptable operation. Consequently, design for reliability is an integral part of integrated circuits and systems design and manufacturing.

This course covers the fields of integrated circuits and systems testing, design for testability and design for reliability. The topics discussed are: Importance of testing, Defects and fault models, Wear out and aging mechanisms, PVT variations, Test process, Advanced design for testability techniques, Advanced design for reliability techniques, Self-healing systems.

TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, lectures, lab courses, home-works

Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of computer-aided design tools at th 				
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity	Semester workload			
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours			
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Project	11*1 = 11 hours			
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Problems solving	75 hours			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of	Study & bibliography analysis	75 hours			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	f Course total 200 hours				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATIO	ON: Greek - English			
Description of the evaluation procedure	METHODS OF EVALUATIO	Ν			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	 (i) Final examination, which includes problem solving. The exam papers are evaluated based on the correctness and completeness of answers. (ii) Project which includes bibliography study, design techniques analysis and their application for the development of high reliability VLSI circuits. 				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.				

- Suggested bibliography:

Βιβλίο VLSI TEST PRINCIPLES AND ARCHITECTURES, L-T. Wang, C-W Wu, X. We, Eκδ.: MORGAN-KAUFMANN, 2006. **Βιβλίο** SYSTEM ON CHIP TEST ARCHITECTURES, L-T. Wang, C. Stroud, N. Touba, Εκδ.: MORGAN-KAUFMANN, 2008. **Book [41963448]:** CMOS VLSI DESIGN: A CIRCUITS AND SYSTEMS PERSPECTIVE, N. Weste and D. Harris, Addison-Wesley, 2011.

Book [13944]: DIGITAL INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, Jan M. Rabaey, A. Chandrakasan, B. Nikolic, Prentice Hall, 2003.

Βιβλίο DESIGN OF HIGH-PERFORMANCE MICROPROCESSOR CIRCUITS, A. Chandrakasan, W. Bowhill, F. Fox, Eκδ.: IEEE PRESS, 2001.

- Related academic journals:

- Design and Test Magazine, IEEE.
- IEEE Transactions on VLSI Circuits and Systems (TVLSI).
- Integration the VLSI Journal, Elsevier
- IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems I & II (TCAS).
- IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits (JSSC).

H3. 3D Systems on Chip

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND					
	ENGINEERING					
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE					
COURSE CODE	H3 SEMESTER -					
COURSE TITLE	3D SYSTEM	S ON CHIP				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. parded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS		
	Lectures / Labs / Tutorials 3+1 7					
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a						
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialized ;	general Knowle	dge			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:						
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)						

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The students acquire the basic knowledge on the design and test of 3-Dimensional Systemson-Chip. Initially they understand the 2D limitations that led to the 3D integration and then they study the basic mechanisms for solving such problems. The students emphasize on the design, manufacturing and test methods proposed to attack electrical, temperature and power-dissipation issues in 3D stacks, while at the same time they face problems related to the embedding of multiple cores/memory and they understand the proposed solutions for each case. Finally, they study applications of 3D manufacturing.

General Competences		
	the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma	
Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?		
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management	
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism	
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment	

Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Analysis of requirements for problem solving

SYLLABUS

2D Barriers, 3D SoC Integration, 3D Classification, Through-Silicon-Vias, Permanent and Temporary Bonding Technologies, Wafer Thinning, Stress Relief, Wafer Handling, Under-fill, Self Assembly, Thermal Management, Thermal Aware Architectures, Power & Thermal Integrity, Energy & Power Models, Electrothermal Simulation, 3D IC Cooling, Inductive Coupling, Power Delivery, TSV-to-TSV Coupling, TSV Current Crowding & Power Integrity, TSV Placement, Buffer Insertion, Low-Power Clock Routing, Power Network Design, Floorplanning, Gate-Level Placement, Digital/Analog/Mixed-Signal IC Applications, SoCs, GPUs and MicroProcessors, Image Sensor Applications, NoCs, Pre-bond and Post-bond Testability, 3D TAM architectures and optimization, TSV Testing, Test Flows and Cost Models

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	The teaching is performed through powerpoint slides and the communication is conducted by electronic means (ecourse, email etc)		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13x3	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Tutorials	13x1	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Labs	-	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Self-study	123	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION	N: Greek / English	
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation procedure	METHOD OF EVALUATION:	Written Exam	
	METHOD OF EVALUATION:	Written Exam	

given, and if and where they are accessible to	
students.	

- Suggested bibliography:

- 1. Design of 3D Integrated Circuits and Systems, R. Sharma, K. Iniewski, CRC Press, 2015
- 2. 3D Integration for VLSI Systems, C. S. Tan, K. N. Chen, S. J. Koester, Pan Stanford Publishing, 2012
- 3. Design for High Performance, Low Power, and Reliable 3D Integrated Circuits, Sung Kyu Lim, Springer 2013
- 4. 3D Stacked Chips, From Emerging Processes to Heterogeneous Systems, I. M. Elfadel and G. Fettweis, Springer, 2016
- 5. Handbook of 3D Integration, Technology and Applications of 3D Integrated Circuits, P. Garrou, M. Koyanagi, P. Ramm, Wiley-VCH, 2014

-Συναφή επιστημονικά περιοδικά:

- IEEE Transactions on Computers,
- IEEE Transactions on Computer Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems,
- IEEE Transactions on VLSI Systems,
- IEEE Design & Test of Computers

H4. Embedded Systems for IoT Applicationss

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SCIENCE				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND				
	ENGINEERI	ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	Y4 SEMESTER -			-	
COURSE TITLE	Embedded Systems for IoT Applications				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES	WEEKLY		
if credits are awarded for separate co	mponents of the	e course, e.g.	TEACHING	CREDITS	
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the	e credits are awarded for the			CREDITS	
whole of the course, give the weekly teach	ching hours and the total credits HOURS				
Lectures / Labs / Tutorials 3+1 7			7		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	Specialized g	general Knowle	dge		
general background,					
special background, specialised general					
knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK & ENGLISH				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The students acquire the basic knowledge on integrated circuit and system design for the Internet of Things (IoT), and in particular for the nodes at its edge.

The students learn what the IoT is from the design point of view and the system point of view, and how the constraints imposed by IoT applications translate into integrated circuit requirements and design guidelines.

After taking this course, beside the state-of-the-art design techniques for IoT applications, the students will learn about the fundamental sub-systems encountered in Systems on Chip for IoT:

- ultra-low power digital architectures and circuits, low- and zero-leakage memories (including emerging technologies)
- circuits for hardware security and authentication
- on-chip power management and energy harvesting
- ultra-low power analog interfaces and analog-digital conversion
- short-range radios
- miniaturized battery technologies
- packaging and assembly of IoT integrated systems (on silicon and non-silicon substrates).

The course also examines how the IoT could evolve based on recent and foreseeable trends in the semiconductor industry, highlighting the key challenges, as well as the opportunities for circuit and system innovation to address them.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others...

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

.....

• Analysis of requirements for problem solving

SYLLABUS

The log	oT Ecosystem
	Embedded Computer Devices
	M2M Communications
	Smart environments
	Cyber-physical systems

Cloud computing, fog computing, edge computing

- Fog and cloud interplay
- IoT Application Constraints
- Energy efficient IoT devices
 - Ultra-low power digital architectures and circuits
 - Low- and zero-leakage memories (including emerging technologies)
 - Ultra-low power analog interfaces and analog-digital conversion
 - Short-range radios
 - On-chip power management and energy harvesting
- Security in IoT Devices
 - Circuits for hardware security and authentication
- Miniaturized battery technologies
- Packaging and assembly of IoT integrated systems

Terms: Embedded Computer Devices, Energy Efficient IoT Devices, Energy Harvesting for IoT, Internet of Things, Intranet Connected Devices, IoT, IoT Devices, IoT System-on-chip, M2M Communications, Security in IoT Devices, ultra-low power digital architectures and circuits, Iow- and zero-leakage memories (including emerging technologies), circuits for hardware security and authentication, System on Chip design methodologies, on-chip power management and energy harvesting, ultra-low power analog interfaces and analogdigital conversion, short-range radios, miniaturized battery technologies, packaging and assembly of IoT integrated systems (on silicon and non-silicon substrates), Cyber-Physical Systems, Cloud computing, fog computing, edge computing, fog and cloud interplay, smart environments

DELIVERY Lectures Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Use of projector and interactive board during COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY lectures. Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, Use of special electronic equipment and software • communication with students for delivering the project. Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, programs). Announcement of assessment marks via the • ecourse platform by UOI. Use of email and social media for information exchange and improved communication with students.

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13x3	
aescribea in aetaii. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Tutorials	13x1	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Labs	-	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Self-study	123	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek / English		
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation procedure			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	METHOD OF EVALUATION: Written Exam		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

- Suggested bibliography:

- 1. Enabling the Internet of Things: From Integrated Circuits to Integrated Systems, Massimo Alioto (Publisher: Springer)
- 2. Big Data and Internet of Things: A Roadmap for Smart Environments, in book series Computational Intelligence, Volume 546, Nik Bessis, Ciprian Dobre (Publisher: Springer)

-Συναφή επιστημονικά περιοδικά:

- IEEE Transactions on Circuits and Systems I and II,
- IEEE Transactions on Computers,
- IEEE Transactions on Computer Aided Design of Integrated Circuits and Systems,
- IEEE Transactions on VLSI Systems

H5. Robotic Systems

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND			
	ENGINEERI	ENGINEERING		
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	H5 SEMESTER -			
COURSE TITLE	ROBOTIC SYSTEMS			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. arded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lectures / Labs / Tutorials			4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (a	I).			
COURSE TYPE	Specialized g	general knowle	dge	
general background,				
special background, specialised general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=1037			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The main course objective is to introduce students with more advanced aspects in selected areas of robotics, such as non-linear control, and motion planning of a robotic platform.

A student that successfully attends this course should be able to:

- Understand, design, and implement advanced control methodologies for robotic manipulators and mobile platforms.
- Demonstrate advanced knowledge in motion planning of a robotic platform or a robotic fleet.
- Study and solve real life complex problems in the control of robotic systems.
- Understand research papers in the field of robotics and try out some innovative ideas.

General Competences				
Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma				
Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?				
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management				
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism			
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment			
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and			
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues			
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism			
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking			
Working in an interdisciplinary environment				
Production of new research ideas Others				
 Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the 				
necessary technology				
 Adapting to new situations 				
Decision-making	Decision-making			
Team work				
Working in an interdisciplinary environment				
Production of new research ideas				
 Production of free, creative and inductive thinking 				
-				

• Abstraction ability for problem modeling

SYLLABUS

<u>Kinematics</u>: Direct kinematics, inverse kinematics, differential kinematics, Jacobian matrices, singularities, kinematics of mobile robots.

<u>Sensors and actuators</u>: Actuators in Robotics, electronic subsystem, sensors, amplifiers, control system, PID control of a joint, control architecture of a mobile robot.

<u>Robotic motion planning</u>: Robot planning and control architecture, path planning, the configuration space, obstacles in work-space, roadmap, artificial potential fields, non-holonomic constraints, motion planning of a robotic fleet.

<u>Advanced control of robotic systems</u>: Compliance control, impedance control, non-linear control, visual servoing.

DELIVERY	Lectures, lab courses
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector and computer during lectures. Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, exercises, example programs). Use of robots in laboratories.
	 Announcement of assessment marks via the ecourse platform by UOI. Use of email for information exchange and improved communication with students.

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Labs 13*1 = 13 hours		
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	Self-study	123 hours	
etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	METHODS OF EVALUATION (i) Final written examination. (ii) Project.		
examination of patient, art interpretation, other	The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

-Suggested bibliography in Greek:

- Siciliano, B., Sciavicco, L., Villani, L., Oriolo, G., Ρομποτική: Μοντελοποίηση, Σχεδιασμός και Έλεγχος, Εκδόσεις Φούντας, 2013.
- Craig, J.J., Εισαγωγή στη Ρομποτική, Εκδόσεις Τζιόλα, 2009.
- Δουλγέρη, Ζ., Ρομποτική: Κινηματική, Δυναμική και Έλεγχος Αρθρωτών Βραχιόνων, Εκδόσεις Κριτική, 2007.
- Εμίρης, Δ., Κουλουριώτης, Δ.Ε., Ρομποτική, Εκδόσεις ΣΕΛΚΑ 4Μ ΕΠΕ, 2006.

-Suggested bibliography in English:

- Siciliano, B., Sciavicco, L., Villani, L., Oriolo, G., Robotics: Modelling, Planning and Control, Springer, 2009.
- Craig, J.J., Introduction to Robotics: Mechanics and Control, Prentice Hall, 2004.
- Corke, P., Robotics, Vision and Control: Fundamental Algorithms in MATLAB, Springer Tracts in Advanced Robotics, Springer, 2011.
- Angeles, J., Fundamentals of Robotic Mechanical Systems: Theory, Methods, and Algorithms, Springer, 2014.
- Choset, H., et al., Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Implementations, The MIT Press, 2005.

-Related academic journals:

- The International Journal of Robotics Research.
- IEEE Transactions on Robotics.
- IEEE/ASME Transactions on Mechatronics

S0. Introduction to Software Systems

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	POLYTECHNIC			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	LO SEMESTER			
COURSE TITLE	Introduction to Software Systems			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lectures / Labs/ Exercices			7
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised general knowledge			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/course/view.php?id=1726			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course L0 "Introduction to Software Systems" aims to provide post-graduate students with the necessary background on advanced topics in the area of software systems.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Decision making
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of information, and use of the necessary technology.
- Team work
- Autonomous work
- Ability to apply research results to the solution of practical problems

SYLLABUS

The course covers the following areas of software systems

- Programming languages
- Software technology
- Virtualization
- Security
- Networking
- Fault tolerance and consistency
- Parallelism

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly lectures		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Lecture slides, course Web page maintenance (slides and course notes), e-mail communication		
TEACHING METHODS The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Activity Lectures Laboratory practice Student's study hours	Semester workload 13x3=39 hours 13x1=13 hours	
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Student's study hours	123 hours	

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of evaluation: Gre	eek	
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Methods of Evaluation: Course participation, in-class quizzes, programming exercises The exact evaluation procedure is announced to students on the course website		

Proposed bibliography:

Guide to the Software Engineering Body of Knowledge, Version 3.0, P. Bourque and R.E. Fairley, eds., IEEE Computer Society, 2014, ISBN 978-0-7695-5166-1

Ανάπτυξη Προγραμμάτων σε Java: αφαιρέσεις, προδιαγραφές, και αντικειμενοστρεφής σχεδιασμός, B. Liskov and J. Guttag, Κλειδάριθμος, 2007, ISBN 978-960-461-063-1

Software Engineering - Theory & Practice, S. L. Pfleeger, Κλειδάριθμος, 2012, ISBN 978-960-461-477-6

Software Engineering, I. Sommerville, Κλειδάριθμος, 2009, ISBN 978-960-461-220-8

UML 2 and the Unified Process: Practical Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (2nd Edition). Jim Arlow, Ila Neustadt. Addison-Wesley Professional, 2005, ISBN 978-020-177-060-5

Principles of Computer System Design: An Introduction, J. H. Saltzer, M. F. Kaashoek, Morgan Kaufmann/Elsevier, 2009, ISBN 978-012-374-957-4

Introduction to High Performance Scientific Computing, Victor Eijkhout (2nd edition), 2016, ISBN 978-125-799-254-6

S2. Data Warehouses

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SCIENCE			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND			
	ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADU	JATE		
COURSE CODE	S2		SEMESTER	
COURSE TITLE	Data Wareh	ouses		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co			WEEKLY TEACHING	CREDITS
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the			HOURS	CREDITS
whole of the course, give the weekly teach	hing hours and t	the total credits	HOURS	
	Lectu	ures / Tutorials	4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (a	nethods used are described in detail at (d).			
COURSE TYPE	Special back	ground		
general background,				
special background, specialised general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	D0, L0			
	CDEEK			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION				
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
 Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After successfully passing this course the students will be able to:

- Know the state-of-the-art and the historical evolution of the area under study
- Understand in depth the fundamental concepts of OLAP and data warehouses
- Understand in depth the critical elements of a data warehouse architecture
- Design and organize the structure of a data warehouse using appropriate data representations both at the logical and physical levels, such that the data can be easily and efficiently retrieved

querying, data reporting and analyDevelop a complete project whether the project whether	ncepts and be able to design and implement
General Competences Taking into consideration the general competences that it Supplement and appear below), at which of the following Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma does the course aim? Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Others
 Production of free, creative and in Search for, analysis and synthesis of necessary technology Team work Algorithmic thinking Abstraction ability for problem modelity for prob	of data and information, with the use of the odeling

• Literature studying and management

SYLLABUS

Overview of the area of data warehousing and OLAP.

Revision of fundamental database concepts.

Multidimensional models, hierarchies, data warehouse architectures.

Data warehouse design.

Extract-Transform-Load processes.

OLAP & data analytics.

Large project development in phases.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly Lectures
USE OF INFORMATION AND	• Use of projector and interactive board during
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	lectures.
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	

communication with students	 Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, programs). Announcement of assessment marks via the course web site. Use of email and social media for information exchange and improved communication with students. 		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Tutorials	13*1 = 13 hours	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Self-study	148 hours	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of			
the ECTS	Course total	200 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	METHODS OF EVALUATION		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	 <i>fe</i> prepared on the material of the lecture and to participate in the critical discussions that arise. <i>fi</i> (ii) At each lecture, the students are asked to answer to questions and exercises related to the learning outcomes of the previous lecture. <i>fi</i> <i>fi</i>		
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to			
students.	The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.		

- Suggested bibliography:

Εκτός Εύδοξου: Data Warehouse Systens: Design and Implementation, A. Vaisman & E. Zimanyi, Springer, 2014, ISBN: 978-3-642-54654-9

Book [22683637]: Θεμελιώδεις αρχές συστημάτων βάσεων δεδομένων, Συγγραφείς: Elmasri Ramez,Navathe Shamkant B., Έκδοση: 6η Έκδοση Αναθεωρημένη/2012, ISBN: 978-960-531-281-7, Διαθέτης (Εκδότης): ΔΙΑΥΛΟΣ Α.Ε. ΕΚΔΟΣΕΙΣ ΒΙΒΛΙΩΝ

Book [18548901]: Συστήματα διαχείρισης βάσεων δεδομένων, Συγγραφείς: Ramakrishnan Raghu, Gehrke Johannes, Έκδοση: 3η Έκδοση/2011, ISBN: 978-418-960-371-5, Διαθέτης

(Εκδότης): ΕΚΔΟΣΕΙΣ Α. ΤΖΙΟΛΑ & ΥΙΟΙ Α.Ε.

Book [12535833]: Συστήματα Βάσεων Δεδομένων, Συγγραφείς: Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Έκδοση: 6η έκδ./2011, ISBN: 978-960-512-623-0, Διαθέτης (Εκδότης): Χ. ΓΚΙΟΥΡΔΑ & ΣΙΑ ΕΕ

- Related academic journals:

- ACM Transactions on Database Systems
- IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering
- The VLDB Journal, Springer
- Information Systems, Elsevier

S4. COMPUTER SYSTEMS SECURITY

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	S4		SEMESTER	
COURSE TITLE	COMPUTER	SYSTEMS SEC	JRITY	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. parded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lectures / La	abs/ Exercices	4	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised general knowledge			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	NO			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.cse.uoi.gr/~stergios/teaching/l4			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes
- The course covers traditional and latest research publications on computer systems security. Examined issues include cryptographic techniques, storage and network security, web and mobile security, hardware security, anonymity and privacy, blockchains.
- Participating students are expected to actively contribute to the critical discussions during paper reading sessions.
- Additionally, the students under the guidance of the instructor will work on a project of their choice that will explore interesting research directions.

Overall, the course will help students get familiar with the design, • implementation and analysis of modern computer systems security. **General Competences** Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim? Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and Working independently sensitivity to gender issues Team work Criticism and self-criticism Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Others Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of •

the necessary technology.

- Decision making
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Team work
- Autonomous work
- Production of new research ideas

SYLLABUS

- The course covers topics in the design, implementation and analysis of computer systems security, such as cryptography, authentication, confidentiality, authorization, integrity and security protocols.
- The syllabus is adjusted every year according to the latest publications of the related literature published in international conferences and journals.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Lecture slides, E-mail communication, Course Web page maintenance. 		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13x3=39 hours	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,			

fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	Laboratory practice	13x1=13 hours	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Student's study hours	148 hours	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-			
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	200 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of evaluation: Greek		
EVALUATION			
Description of the evaluation procedure			
	Methods of Evaluation:		
Language of evaluation, methods of	i. Participation in	paper reading sessions	
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	ii. Evaluation of w	eekly assignments	
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination,	iii. Project or final written examination		
public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	The evaluation procedure is accessible to students via the course website.		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

- ACM Conference on Computer and Communications Security
- USENIX Security Symposium
- ACM Symposium on Cloud Computing
- ACM Symposium on Operating Systems Principles
- USENIX Annual Technical Conference
- USENIX Symposium on Operating Systems Design and Implementation
- USENIX Symposium on Network Systems Design and Implementation
- ACM Transactions on Privacy and Security
- IEEE Transactions on Dependable and Secure Computing

S5. Mobile and Wireless Networks

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND			D
	ENGINEERI			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADU	JATE		
COURSE CODE	S5		SEMESTER	
COURSE TITLE	Mobile and	Wireless Netv	vorks	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES	WEEKLY	
if credits are awarded for separate co	mponents of the	e course, e.g.	TEACHING	CREDITS
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the	e credits are aw	arded for the		CREDITS
whole of the course, give the weekly teach				
	Lectures / Tutorials			7
COURSE TYPE	COURSE TYPE			
general background,				
special background, specialised general				
knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK			
and EXAMINATIONS:				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
	160			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://www.cs.uoi.gr/~epap/L05			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course offers an insight into wireless and mobile networking. To this end, the course will analyze the most well-known technologies for wireless and mobile networks as well as the users' needs met by each technology. The course also focuses on new trends in building wireless and mobile networks. After successfully completing the course, a student should be able to:

- understand the basic challenges in wireless and mobile networking
- understand the basic architectures and networking technologies implemented in real-life wireless mobile networks as well as the users' needs that each of these technologies meets
- comprehend the basic networking mechanisms and how these mechanisms influence the network's performance
- be able to evaluate the performance of a network in the context of limited resources that are available in a mobile node

be able to identify open issues and challenges and propose possible solutions General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Team work
- Algorithmic thinking
- Apply research results in solving practical problems
- Literature studying and management
- Abstraction ability for problem modeling
- Working independently

SYLLABUS

The course focuses on the key enabling technologies for wireless and mobile networks and delineates their fundamental operating principles. In the first part, the course examines the dominant technologies in the field of wide area and metropolitan area infrastructured networks such as LTE and WiMAX. Then, the course focuses on ad hoc networks, such as Mobile Ad Hoc Networks (MANETs) and opportunistic networks, as well as on Delay Tolerant Networking (DTN). Finally, the course discusses key technologies proposed in the context of 5G networks. Summarizing, the following technologies will be examined during the course:

- 4G Networks and LTE
- Wireless Metropolitan Access Networks (WiMAX)
- Mobile Ad Hoc Networks (MANETs) and Opportunistic Networks, Mobile Social Networks
- Delay Tolerant Networks (DTNs)
- Machine-to-Machine Communication (M2M), Internet of Things (IoT) in 5G Networks,
- Software Defined Networking (SDN), Network Slicing

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly Lectures
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Use of projector during lectures.

Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Course website maintenance. Announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes, programs). Use of email to improve communication with students. 			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours		
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Tutorials	13*1 = 13 hours		
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Self-study	123 hours		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	,			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,				
etc.				
The student's study hours for each learning				
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of				
the ECTS				
	Course total	175 hours		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION	N: Greek		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure				
	METHODS OF EVALUATION			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	(iii) Final exams			
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	(iv) Project			
open-ended questions, problem solving,				
written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical				
examination of patient, art interpretation, other				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				

- Suggested bibliography:

- J. Kurose and K. Ross, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach, 7th edition, Pearson, 2017.
- Scholarly articles published in the relevant scientific journals

-Relevant scientific journals

- IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking
- IEEE Transactions on Mobile computing
- IEEE Transactions on Wireless Communications
- IEEE JOURNAL ON SELECTED AREAS IN COMMUNICATIONS (J-SAC)
- Elsevier Ad Hoc Networks

S7. Computer Graphics and Game Development

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND			
	ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADU	JATE		
COURSE CODE	S7 SEMESTER			
COURSE TITLE	COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND GAME DEVELOPMENT			OPMENT
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the	INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the nole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
Lectures /Laborator	Lectures /Laboratory exercises		3/1	7
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of	Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching			
methods used are described in detail at (a	(d).			
COURSE TYPE	Special background			
general background,				
special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
r REREQUISITE COURSES.	-			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK/ENGLISH			
and EXAMINATIONS:	, -			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES			
ERASMUS STUDENTS				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://ecourse.uoi.gr/enrol/index.php?id=88			

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

With the successful completion of the course, students will:

acquire all background and foundations for computer graphics and game development,

be able to design and develop 3D graphics software,

be able to design and develop computer games.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma			
Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?			
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management		
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		

Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Decision-making
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Project planning and management
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Team work

SYLLABUS

Computer graphics principles, libraries and development tools for computer graphics, 3D and 2D representations for objects, the rendering pipeline, textures, shadows and illumination, photorealistic and non-photorealistic rendering, techniques for fast computer graphics algorithms, computing intersections in real time graphics, collision detection, animation, computer graphics and game engine, shaders and GPUs, game design, game development, low poly for games, pseudo-photorealism, crowd simulation.

Term project for designing and developing a game.

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Weekly Lectures
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Project website with online literature, tutorials, manualsa and other reading material. Use of asynchronous e-learning platform for discussion for a, online turn-in, wiki reporting, etc

	Use of e-mailing lists and social media for communicating with students.		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Tutorials	13*1 = 13 hours	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Self-study	123 hours	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	175 hours	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek/English		
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	METHODS OF EVALUATION		
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	(v) 2-3 homeworks (vi) Term Project		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

- Suggested bibliography:

- Tomas Akenine-Moller, Eric Haines, and Naty Hoffman. 2008. Real-Time Rendering (3rd ed.). A. K. Peters, Ltd., Natick, MA, USA.
- Donald D. Hearn, M. Pauline Baker, and Warren Carithers. 2010. Computer Graphics with Open GL (4th ed.). Prentice Hall Press, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA.
- Graham Sellers, Richard S. Wright, and Nicholas Haemel. 2015. OpenGL Superbible: Comprehensive Tutorial and Reference (7th ed.). Addison-Wesley Professional.
- T. Theoharis, G. Papaioannou, N. Platis, and N. M. Patrikalakis. 2007. Graphics and Visualization: Principles & Algorithms. A. K. Peters, Ltd., Natick, MA, USA.
- J. Schell, The Art of Game Design A Book of Lenses. Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann,

2008.

- S. Rogers, Level up! The Guide to Great Video Game Design. Wiley, 2010.
- M. T. Wyman, Making Great Games An Insider's Guide to Designing and Developing the World's Greatest Games. Elsevier Science & Technology Books, 2010.
- F. Dille, The Ultimate Guide to Video Game Writing and Design. Lone Eagle, 2007.

-Scientific Journals and Magazines:

- ACM Transactions on Computer Graphics
- IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics
- Visual Computer
- Computer Graphics Forum
- The Computer Games Journal
- 3D Research

S8. High Performance Systems and Software

COURSE OUTLINE

GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF e	SCHOOL OF eNGINEERING		
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	GRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	S8	SEMESTER	>= 1	
COURSE TITLE	High Performance Systems and Software			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIV if credits are awarded for separate compo course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, et are awarded for the whole of the course, gi teaching hours and the total cred	onents of the c. If the credits ive the weekly dits	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
Lectures / Labs		Lectures / Labs 4 7		
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Special backg	round		
EXAMINATIONS:	GREEK			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
 Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

High performance systems are nowadays synonymous to parallel computers, i.e. computing systems with multiple processors or cores which can work concurrently towards the solution of a problem. This course teaches the organization, the operation and the programming of parallel computers. The basic architectural choices are presented, along with the corresponding problems one has to solve during their design and implementation. In addition, parallel programming is introduced, which is necessary for the full exploitation of these systems. Parallel programming is taught through the use of contemporary programming models. Finally, the course includes a survey of recent research problems and publications related to high performance systems. After successfully concluding this course the students will be able to:

- Study, understand and analyze the organization of high performance system.
- Understand the problems of memory hierarchy, cache coherency and memory consistency, and select the most suitable solutions.
- Understand and analyze the topology, the switching scheme and the routing protocols in processor interconnection networks.
- Synthesize parallel software.
- Program in the shared address space model using threads and OpenMP
- Program in the message passing model using MPI.
- Use the international bibliography for related research problems and results.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

- Working independently
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Project planning and management
- Adapting to new situations
- Production of new research ideas
- Working in an international environment

SYLLABUS

- History and importance of high performance systems
- Basic principles of parallelism at the hardware and software levels, and fundamental performance laws
- Shared memory organization and multicore architectures.
- The problems of cache coherency and memory consistency
- Distributed memory organization and computational clusters.
- Interconnection networks, topologies, routing, high-performance switching
- Distributed shared memory and non-uniform memory access (NUMA)
- SIMD and GPU organizations
- Principles and languages for parallel programming
- Programming in the shared address space model (threads, OpenMP)
- Programming in the message passing model (MPI)

DELIVERY	Face-to-face class lectures		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	 Use of projector electronic slides. Use of computers for the Lab exercises. Course website maintenance with announcements and posting of teaching material (lecture slides and notes). Use of email for communicating with students. 		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	13*3 = 39 hours	
described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Labs	13*1 = 13 hours	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Self-study	123 hours	
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	Course total	175 hours	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	LANGUAGE OF EVALUATION: Greek		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple			
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written	(i) Homework problems and	l exercises	
work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	(ii) Programming assignments		
examination of patient, art interpretation, other	(iii) Reading assignments and topic		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	(iv) Term project		

- Suggested bibliography:

- Thomas Sterling Matthew Anderson Maciej Brodowicz, *High Performance Computing, Modern Systems and Practices*, Morgan Kaufmann, 2017
- Β. Δημακόπουλος, Παράλληλα Συστήματα και Προγραμματισμός, Εκδόσεις ΣΕΑΒ, Φεβ. 2016
- P.S. Pacheco, Εισαγωγή στον παράλληλο προγραμματισμό, Κλειδάριθμος 2015
- T. Rauber, G. Runger, *Parallel Programming for Multicore and Cluster Systems*, Springer, 2010
- B. Wilkinson and M. Allen, *Parallel Programming: Techniques and Applications Using Networked Workstations and Parallel Computers*, Pearson, 2004.
- A. Grama, A. Gupta, G. Karypis and V. Kumar, *Introduction to Parallel Computing*, Addison Wesley, 2003.

• Ερευνητικές δημοσιεύσεις από συνέδρια και περιοδικά

- Related academic journals:

- Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems, IEEE.
- Journal of Parallel and Distributed Computing, Elsevier.
- International Journal of Parallel Programming, Springer.
- Concurrency and Computation: Practice and Experience, Wiley.
- Parallel Computing, Elsevier
- Journal of Supercomputing, Springer
- ACM Transactions on Parallel Computing